

Importance of modeling in the process of development of biomedical implants

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LA SURDORI

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Importance of modeling in the process of development of biomedical implants

INTRODUCTION







Fully Validated Geometrical & Mechanical Model



INTEGRATED SPINE SOLUTIONS

SERVICES & SUPPORT

15.00 (Bap) 10.00

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6 9 10.00

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Aredtronic

Why use FEA?

- Fundamental Research
 - For a Better Knowledge
- From Fundamental to Applied Research
 For a Better Concept
- Development & Design Optimization
 For a Better Design
- Malfunction Analysis & Understanding
 For a Better Prevention of Risks





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Importance of modeling in the process of development of biomedical implants

FUNDAMENTAL RESEARCH



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Fundamental Research

Exemple: Burst-Fracture Instrumentations

A fully validated 3D FEA model of the spine can be a powerfull tool to obtain the mechanical environment of the fixation device (forces & moments distribution along the pedicle screws, etc.)

A Burst Fracture can be used as a clinical case to compare different posterior fixation techniques.

Optimize implants with the knowledge of forces and moments that are acting on the device.









THERPICS

Fundamental Research

 Increase rotation of the injured segment, mainly in torsion





THERE

Fundamental Research

- Increase rotation of the injured segment, mainly in torsion
- No significant difference in mobilities between the 4 devices









Fundamental Research



 High stresses were found in the pedicle screw for the Short Device



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Fundamental Research



• High stresses were found in the pedicle screw for the Short Device

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 The infralaminar hook unloaded the lower pedicle screw and did not change the stress distribution in the upper pedicle screw





Fundamental Research



• High stresses were found in the pedicle screw for the Short Device

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- The infralaminar hook unloaded the lower pedicle screw and did not change the stress distribution in the upper pedicle screw
- The bone graft also yielded a decrease of stresses both in lower and upper screws





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Fundamental Research

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18 16 Pedicle stresses (Mpa) 14 in Flexion 12 10 8 6 4 2 0 -L2 L4 Short D Short D + ILH Short D + ISA Long D

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- not change the stress distribution in the upper pedicle screw
 The bone graft also yielded a decrease of stresses both in
 - lower and upper screws
 - Pedicle stresses disappeared with the long device

High stresses were found in the

The infralaminar hook unloaded

the lower pedicle screw and did

pedicle screw for the Short Device





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Fundamental Research

18 16 Pedicle stresses (Mpa) 14 in Flexion 12 10 8 6 4 2 0 -L3 L2 L4 Short D Short D + ILH Short D + ISA Long D

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• High stresses were found in the pedicle screw for the Short Device

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- The infralaminar hook unloaded the lower pedicle screw and did not change the stress distribution in the upper pedicle screw
- The bone graft also yielded a decrease of stresses both in lower and upper screws
- Pedicle stresses disappeared with the long device



Medtronic

Fundamental Research

- Spinal Finite Element model allows us to analyze not only the segmental mobility, but also the stress distribution in the vertebral segment for various constructs.
- It emphasizes the role of hooks or of bone graft in protecting the pedicle screws from excessive stresses.
- Such a Finite Element model of the vertebral spine appears to be a powerful simulation tool which yields new useful information to complement experimental data and can help in answering most conceptual design questions.





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FROM FUNDAMENTAL TO APPLIED RESEARCH





From Fundamental to Applied Research

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- Short Devices:
 - Stress peak in pedicle area

Bending moment in the left upper screw







THEMPS

From Fundamental to Applied Research











THERME

From Fundamental to Applied Research

- Long Device
 - Lowering and moving of stress peak from pedicle area to screw head junction

Bending moment in the left upper screw







THERE

From Fundamental to Applied Research

- Long Device
 - Lowering and moving of stress peak from pedicle area to screw head junction
- Intersomatic arthrodesis:
 - Intermediate solution between short device and long device in terms of implant forces









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DEVELOPMENT & DESIGN OPTIMIZATION













Two holes on Valley: Seems better !



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ASTM F-1798

26

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Development & Design Optimization

Axial pull-out following ASTM-F543 standard

- Anterior part of vertebral body rigidly clamped
- Axial ramped load on the screw until total pull-out ٠
- Measurement of screw displacement and resulting ٠ forces



AAA

Development & Design Optimization

Caudo-cranial toggling

- Anterior part of vertebral body rigidly clamped
- Caudo-cranial sinusoidal load on the screw head
- Measurement of screw displacement and resulting forces
- Force to failure and fracture pattern was analyzed.



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VALIDATION





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Field of 3D deformations of a spongy bone cube in compression





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OTHER EXAMPLES





TOTAL DISC REPLACEMENT

Total Disc Replacement

Understand the effect of the TDR on the physiologic motion behavior of the spine segment

1. Effect of disc prosthesis positioning



 Effect of the disc prosthesis on adjacent levels – Comparison with a rigid posterior fixation device LING TECHNOLOG







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THERAPY STRATEGIES & SURGICAL TECHNIQUES

SURGICAL TECHNIQUES



Therapy Strategy

 Pedicle Screw Placement Strategy

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Hedtronic

Philippe Maxy, Medtronic Lawrence G. Lenke, MD, St. Louis, MO Timothy R. Kuklo, MD, Washington, DC David W. Polly, Jr., MD, Washington, DC Michael F. O'Brien, MD, Denver, CO

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EXPERIMENTAL TESTS

Angle of Kyphosis



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Forces & Moments In The Construct

FEA Main Rotation in Flexion



Surgical Technique Evaluation

VCM Surgical Technique Modelization



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Surgical Technique Evaluation

Pedicle Subtraction Osteotomies



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- Screw shaft / rod angle for Mono (a) and Poly-axial (b) constructs.
- Rod contour for Mono (c) and Poly-axial (d) constructs

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THEOREM

SPIDER FIXATION SYSTEM













SPIDER FIXATION SYSTEM

Design Optimization

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Other Numerical Models

Rigid Block Analysis





« True » corrective forces concept

C.E. Aubin, X. Wang, D. Crandall, S. Parent, H. Labelle



IMAST

11. Biomechanical Effectiveness of Three Types of Pedicle Screws for the Spinal Instrumentation of Adolescent Idiopathic Scoliosis

Xiaoyu Wang, PhD; Carl-Eric Aubin, PhD, PEng; Hubert Labelle, MD; Dennis Crandall, MD; Stefan Parent, MD, PhD

Spine

SPINE Volume xx, Number ©2012, Lippincott Williams

BIOMECHANICS

Biomechanical Analysis of Corrective Forces in Spinal Instrumentation for Scoliosis Treatment

Xiaoyu Wang, PhD,* Carl-Eric Aubin, PhD, PEng,*+ Hubert Labelle, MD,+ Stefan Parent, MD, PhD,+ and Dennis Crandall, MD,‡





FAS





Dorso-axial









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LOWEST forces









ROT: 0

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57



Numerical Simulations

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58



And Tomorrow...

Personalized 3D Reconstruction



And Tomorrow...

Spine Surgery Simulator

Personalized Biomechanical Model

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• Patient's spine stiffness estimated from side bending radiographs

Computer Methods in Biomechanics and Biomedical Engineering 2003. Vot. 6 (1), pp. 27–32 Biomechanical Modeling of Posterior Instrumentation of the Scolibitic Spine

Medical & Biological Engineering & Computing 2004, Vol. 42 Patient-specific mechanical properties of a flexible multi-body model of the scoliotic spine

Y. Petit^{1,2} C.-É. Aubin^{1,2} H. Labelle²

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And Tomorrow...

Spine Surgery Simulator



Preoperative Planning Simulator for Spinal Deformity Surgeries

C. E. Aubin, PhD,*t H. Labelle, MD,t C. Chevrefils, MASc,*t G. Desroches, MASc,*t J. Clin, MASc,*t and A. Boivin M. Eng*t

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63

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And Tomorrow...

Patient Pozitioning System

Per-Op Simulations



- Maintain patient (stability), minimize • bleeding, minimize chance of damage to vital structures, allow proper ventilation, avoid post-operative morbidity
- Facilitation of instrumentation, • procedures (laminectomy, discectomy, decompression), imaging
- Optimize patient positioning (intra-op • motion), multifunctional, preservation of natural biomechanics

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Lower Limb Pozitioning













Real Time Pressure Monitoring





And Tomorrow...

Virtual Reality Surgery Simulators

Implant Insertion









After Multiple Implant Insertions

Rod Manipulation / Biomechanical Simulations











"By using FEA, Medtronic is able to assess the nature of stresses on spinal structures – information that is crucial to designing implants or other devices to treat spinal damages."











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Philippe MAXY

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